

$$-\frac{q_K}{q_A} = -\frac{GP_K}{GP_A}$$

\nearrow (2) \uparrow $\frac{GP_A}{q_A}$ \uparrow $\frac{GP_K}{q_K}$ \downarrow (3) \downarrow (4)
 \uparrow (1) \uparrow q_A \downarrow q_K

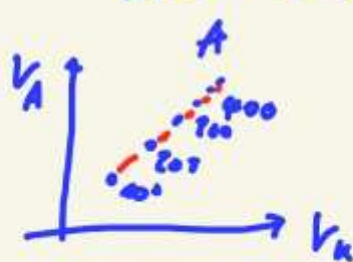
$q_A \uparrow$

 $q_A \uparrow$

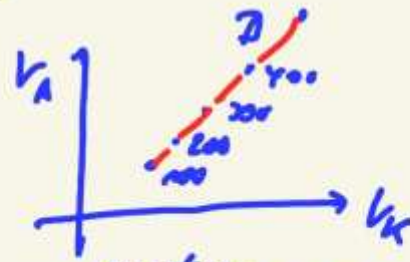
\nearrow an MKK

* Expansionspfade -

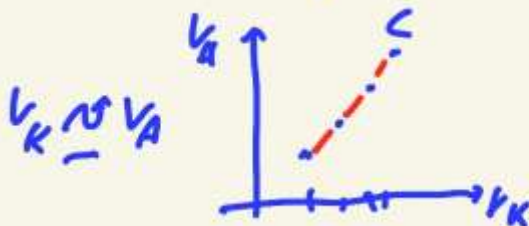
Verh. von MKK
 $\Delta X = \text{const}$



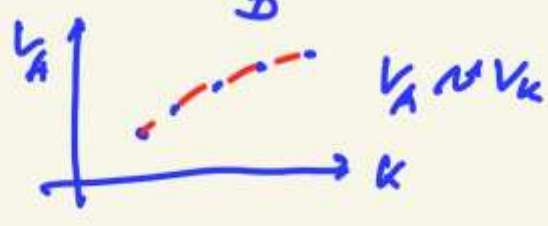
kosten-
depressiv



kosten-
progressiv



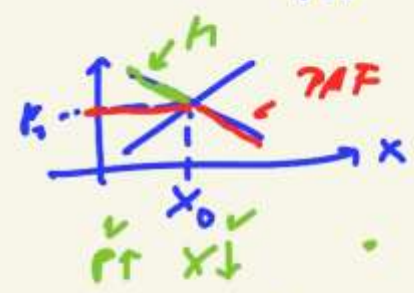
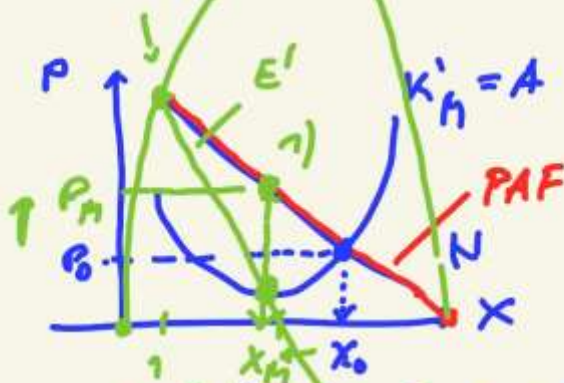
$V_K \sim V_A$



$V_A \sim V_K$

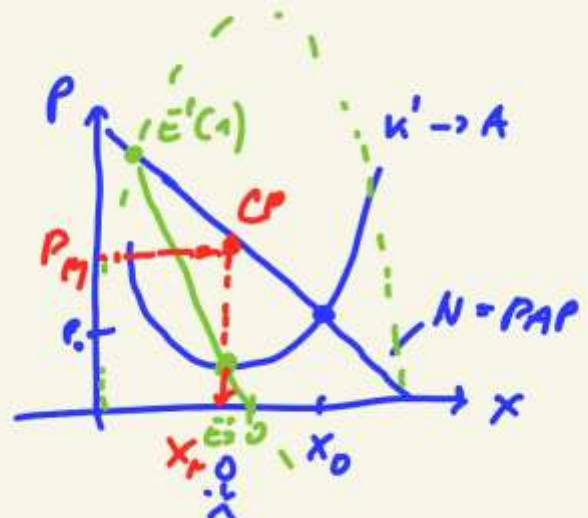
1) Cournot'sche Punkt $E'(c_1)$ Monopolpreisbildung AM2

G'_A -Monopol



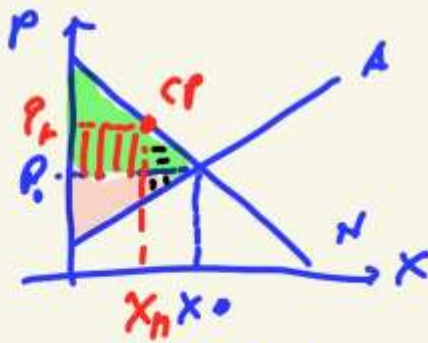
$P_0; X_0$ f. konk.

Monopol
 $y = a \cdot x + b$
 $E' = K'_H = A$
 $E = P \cdot X$
 $E = (a \cdot x + b) \cdot x$
 $= a \cdot x^2 + b \cdot x$
 $G'_E = 0,5 \cdot x \cdot a \cdot 2 \rightarrow E' = 0$



Gesamt
 $G'_E = E'$

* Zwischenlauf



AGG: (+)

1. Nettokauf / Nettorausverkauf
2. Patente
3. Normale AGG

$$FK \quad M$$

$$k_i = P \quad k'_i = \epsilon'$$

\downarrow
 CF
 $PF \downarrow X \downarrow$
 \square KR / PR

Δ Rendite-
 Verlust

\uparrow
 VW: RV \downarrow
 Monopol: RG \uparrow

(-)